

S. B. Roll. No.....

WORKSHOP TECHNOLOGY
3rd Exam/Mech./Auto/0593/Dec'22
(For 2018 Batch Onwards)

Duration: 3Hrs.

M.Marks:75

SECTION-A

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

15x1=15

- a. Acetylene gas is stored in cylinder in the form of _____
- b. Material used for coating the electrode is called _____
- c. Gases used in TIG welding are _____
- d. The most common used pattern material is _____
- e. Cores are well supported by _____
- f. The liquid shrinkage is compensated by providing _____ to the mould.
- g. Contraction while solidification is compensated by _____
- h. The material used to reduce shrinkage cavity is _____
- i. Hollow symmetrical and unsymmetrical parts are cast by _____
- j. Precision casting is another name of _____
- k. The ductility of work hardened metal _____
- l. The material used for wire drawing must have high _____
- m. Bottles are made by the process of _____
- n. The process of making plastic products without application of pressure is called _____
- o. The process of linking of monomers together is called _____

SECTION-B

Q2. Attempt any six questions.

6x5=30

- i. What do you mean by arc blow? What are the advantages of a.c. arc welding?
- ii. Comment on resistance welding.
- iii. Explain split pattern, match plate pattern and cope and drag pattern.
- iv. Explain various pattern materials and their applications.
- v. What are the advantages of casting over other manufacturing processes?
- vi. Write remedies to minimize hot tears, cold cracks and warpage.
- vii. Define the terms roll bending, stretch forming and spinning.
- viii. Give some important applications of plastics.

SECTION-C

Q3. Attempt any three questions.

3x10=30

- a. What are the commonly observed welding defects? Give the causes of each defect.
- b. Give the short note on the following:
a) Split pattern b) Sweep pattern
c) Match plate pattern d) Skeleton pattern e) Loose piece pattern
- c. What are the different types of casting defects? How they can be minimized?
- d. Explain any five press operations with neat sketch.
- e. Explain Injection moulding and Compression moulding with neat and clean diagrams.