

S.B. Roll. No.....

**MACHINE DESIGN**  
**6<sup>th</sup> Exam/Mech./5336/Dec'22**  
**(For 2018 Batch Onwards)**

**Duration: 3Hrs.**

**M.Marks:75**

**SECTION-A**

**Q1. Fill in the blanks.**

**15x1=15**

- a. Factor of safety is the ratio of maximum stress to \_\_\_\_\_
- b. The property of material to retain deformation is called \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Maximum shear strain energy theory also known as \_\_\_\_\_
- d. The most suitable theory of failure for brittle materials is \_\_\_\_\_
- e. \_\_\_\_\_ is a rotating machine member used to transmit power from one point to another.
- f. Two shafts are connected by \_\_\_\_\_
- g. A key made from a cylindrical disc having segmental cross-section is called \_\_\_\_\_
- h. The usual proportion for the width of key is \_\_\_\_\_
- i. Cylindrical pin is the main part of \_\_\_\_\_ joint.
- j. A cotter joint is used to transmit \_\_\_\_\_
- k. Rivets are \_\_\_\_\_ joint.
- l. \_\_\_\_\_ coupling used to couple two shafts whose axes are parallel but not in alignment.
- m. Muff coupling is also called \_\_\_\_\_
- n. Top surface of thread is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- o. The included angle in Acme thread is \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION-B**

**Q2. Attempt any six questions.**

**6x5=30**

- i. Differentiate between designed and un-designed work.
- ii. Describe the maximum shear strain energy theory.
- iii. Write the desirable properties of shaft materials.
- iv. Differentiate between key and splines.
- v. A steel plate 75mm wide and 10mm thick is welded to a plate with a lap joint having transverse welding. Find size of weld if the load is 55kN and allowable stress in tension is 110MPa.
- vi. Discuss the tearing of the plate across a row of rivets.
- vii. Differentiate between clutch and coupling.
- viii. Write a note on bushed pin type flexible coupling.
- ix. Discuss the types of failure of nuts and bolts.

**SECTION-C**

**Q3. Attempt any three questions.**

**3x10=30**

- a. Explain the design procedure in detail.
- b. Find the diameter of a solid shaft to transmit 20kW at 200RPM, the ultimate shear stress for steel may be taken as 360MPa and factor of safety as 8. If a hollow shaft is to be needed in place of solid shaft, find the inside and outside diameter when the ratio of inside and outside diameter is 0.5.
- c. Design a knuckle joint to transmit a load, which varies from 150kN tensile to 150kN compression. The permissible stresses are 75MPa in tension, 60MPa in shear and 150MPa in compression.
- d. Design a flange coupling required to transmit 2900kW at 100RPM. Flanges are connected by 8 bolts having an allowable shear stress of 60MPa. The material of the shaft and bolt is same.
- e. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of screw joints.